

First Time Entrants (FTEs) into the Criminal Justice System; FTEs are people who enter the CJS from the first time. To enter the CJS, someone must receive a “substantive outcome”, defined as a court order or a caution, for a criminal offence. Therefore, those who are subject to community resolutions, Outcomes 20-22s or any of the outcomes related to civil offences, by definition, do not enter the CJS. FTE data is usually only available for those below the age of 18 (estimated to be roughly 40% of the people entering the CJS for the first time) and the official KPI is the proportion of young people aged 10 to 17 years old who live in the area who become a FTE.

These data are taken from the Police National Computer (PNC) and from YJS submissions to the Youth Justice Board (this changed in Q1 2023 as noted below) used for benchmarking local services against their statistical neighbours (YJS Family), the Core Cities and the national to reflect positions in the league table of YJSs in England and Wales.

Reporting period	Data period and YJ Board	Rate	Comment
Quarter 3 2022	Oct 21 – Sept 22 (reported at May 2023 YJ Board)	486	Nottingham’s FTE rate for 10 to 17 year olds remains the highest in England & Wales with Nottinghamshire being in the bottom quartile. Whilst the percentage change for this period has risen 10.4% from the baseline, and this is an increase from last quarter’s 6% rate, this is still considerably lower than the 24.3% rate for the whole of Nottinghamshire, suggesting this is a county-wide issue, rather than one solely affecting Nottingham city.
Quarter 4 2022	Jan 22- Dec 22 (reported at August 2023 YJ Board)	455	Between January 2022 and December 2022 there were 132 FTEs reported by the Police National Computer, and based on the 2021 Census for children aged between 10 - 17 (29,032), Nottingham’s rate of 455 remains the highest in England & Wales. Whilst the percentage change for this period has risen 1.71% from the baseline, this is a reduction from last quarter’s 10.4% rate, and is lower than the 7.2% rate change for the whole of Nottinghamshire.
<i>From Q1 2023/24, FTE data is being sourced from the quarterly case level data submissions, as MoJ have changed the quarterly data from the PNC to an annual publication. As such, comparisons from Q1 23/24 against earlier periods should be made with caution, as they are two different data sources.</i>			
Quarter 1 2023	Jul 22 - Jun 23 (reported at November 2023 YJ Board)	520	Between July 2022 and June 2023 there were 151 FTE extracted from the quarterly case level data submitted to the YJB and based on the 2021 Census for children aged between 10 - 17 (29,032), Nottingham’s rate of 520 remains the highest in England & Wales. The 8.6% percentage increase from the baseline is at odds with the picture in the PCC area of Nottinghamshire for the same period, and this would warrant further analysis and investigation should the comparative data be made available.
Quarter 2 2023	Oct 22 – Sept 23 (reported at February 2024 YJ Board)	475	Between October 2022 and September 2023 there were 138 FTE extracted from the quarterly case level data submitted to the YJS. Based on the 2021 Census for children aged between 10 and 17 (29,032), Nottingham’s rate of 475 remains the highest in England & Wales. The mean is 178.5. There is a -11.5% reduction from the selected baseline, which is in keeping with the reduction within the PCC area of Nottinghamshire for the same period, albeit at a lesser rate. The FTE reduction is greater by at least 10 percentage points in comparison with the YJS family and Core cities groups, and the national rate.
Quarter 3 2023	Jan 23 – Dec 23 (reported at May 2024 YJ Board)	434	Between January and December 2023 there were 130 FTE extracted from the quarterly case level date submitted to the YJB and based on the 2022 Census for children aged between 10-17 (29,977), Nottingham’s rate of 434 remains the highest in England & Wales. The median across all other LA is 169.53. There is a -17.7% reduction from the selected baseline, which is in keeping with the reduction within the PCC area of Nottinghamshire for the same period, albeit at slightly greater rate. The FTE reduction is greater by than the -11.4% reduction shown by YJS Family and -9.1% reduction shown by Core cities, and the --6.8% national rate.

links for publicly available data:

National: [Youth Justice Statistics: 2022 to 2023 \(accessible version\) - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

Regional comparator: On [Youth justice statistics: 2022 to 2023 - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#) you will find links for [RPods - Children – Local level mapping tool \(2022 – 2023\)](#), [RPods - Outcomes – Local level mapping tool \(2022 – 2023\)](#)

This is a screenshot of the outcomes data from the above (basically FTE), sorted by the rate – you will see we are at the top

